## WATKINS ROSS SAFE HARBOR REQUIREMENTS FOR DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS

May Allow the Plan to Satisfy	Requirements
ADP/ACP Tests	Mandatory Employer Contribution
Top Heavy Requirements	100% Immediate Vesting of Safe Harbor Funds (unless automatic enrollment implemented)
401(a)(4) for Cross-Tested Plans	An Annual Notice for all Plan Participants

## **Types of Safe Harbor Contributions**

- 1. SH Nonelective Contribution A safe harbor nonelective requires at least a 3% safe harbor contribution to all eligible plan participants. A nonelective contribute is often the most cost-effective option for plans that are top heavy and make additional annual employer contributions. *Example: Sheila earns \$50,000. She receives a contribution equal to 3% of her compensation, or \$1500. Sheila receives this contribution even if she isn't deferring.*
- 2. Basic SH Matching Contribution A basic safe harbor matching formula requires a match rate of 100% of employee deferrals up to 3% of compensation plus 50% of employee deferrals between 3%-5% of compensation, for a maximum match of 4% of eligible compensation. *Example: If Sheila earns \$50,000 and defers 4% of compensation, her match would be:*

*\$1500 = (3% x \$50,000) x 100% <u>+\$250 = (1% pf \$50,000) x 50%</u> <i>\$1750 = Total Basic SH Match (which is a total of 3.5% x \$50,000) Note: only employees deferring will receive this match contribution* 

- **3.** Enhanced SH Matching Contribution An enhanced matching formula must also provide a benefit equal to or greater than the maximum allowable basic safe harbor matching contribution (i.e., 4%). For instance, a match equal to 100% of deferrals up to 4% of compensation meets the enhanced safe harbor matching requirements. *Example: If the employer chose a match equal to 100% of deferrals up to 4% of compensation, using the same example above, Sheila's match would be: \$2000 = (4% x \$50,000). Note: only employees who defer will receive this match contribution.*
- 4. Qualified Automatic Contribution Arrangement (QACA) An automatic enrollment feature automatically enrolls any eligible employee that fails to make an affirmative enrollment election in the plan at a specified deferral rate.

Participant Requirements	Employer Requirements
A QACA must have a minimum specified automatic contribution percentage that cannot exceed 10% in any year:	Employers must make EITHER a matching contribution or a nonelective contribution:
<ul> <li>A) Annual Escalated Deferrals</li> <li>1st Year of Participation: 3%</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Year of Participation: 4%</li> <li>3<sup>rd</sup> Year of Participation: 5%</li> <li>4<sup>th</sup> (and all future) Year of Participation: 6%</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A) Matching Contribution of at Least: 100% of the first 1% deferred, plus 50% of the next 5% deferred (maximum match of 3.5% on 6% deferred)</li> <li>OR</li> </ul>
OR B) An employer may require 6% in all years	<b>B) 3% Nonelective Safe Harbor Contribution</b> Unlike standard safe harbor plans, the automatic enrollment feature does not require immediate vesting until a participant earns 2 years of yested service.